

## Biotoxin report:

**PSP toxins:** Four samples were analysed this week. No toxins were detected.

**DSP toxins:** Five samples were analysed this week. Toxins were not detected.

**ASP toxins:** Four samples were analysed this week. No toxins were detected.

**AZA toxins:** Five samples were analysed this week. Toxins were not detected.

**YTX toxins:** Five samples were analysed this week. No toxins were detected.

## Harmful algae report:

**Alexandrium:** One sample was analysed this week. *Alexandrium* was not detected.

**Pseudo-nitzschia delicatissima:** One sample was analysed this week. *P. delicatissima* was detected in low numbers in East of Linga.

**Pseudo-nitzschia seriata:** One sample was analysed this week. *P. seriata* was not detected.

**Dinophysis:** One sample was analysed this week. *Dinophysis* was not detected.

**Prorocentrum lima:** One sample was analysed this week. *P. lima* was not detected.

**Karenia mikimotoi:** One sample was analysed this week. *Karenia* was not detected.

## Shetland: trends and forecast

**Alexandrium/PSP:** No toxins were detected. Given the time of year, it is extremely unlikely there will be a toxic bloom this week.

**Dinophysis/DSP:** No toxins were detected. Given the time of year, it is unlikely there will be a toxic bloom this week.

**Pseudo-nitzschia/ASP:** No toxins were detected. Given the time of year, it is extremely unlikely that there will be a toxic bloom this week.

**AZA and YTX:** No toxins were detected. It is extremely unlikely that there will be a toxic bloom this week.

**Risk for PSP:** Low

**Risk for DSP:** Low

**Risk for ASP:** Low

**Risk for YTX:** Low

**Risk for AZA:** Low

While this bulletin is based on our expert opinion, SAMS cannot accept responsibility for harvesting or husbandry decisions. Those remain the responsibility of the industry.

### Warning/Threshold Levels

<i>Alexandrium</i> (PSP causative)	Warning 20 cells/l Threshold 40 cells/l
<i>Pseudo nitzschia</i> (ASP causative)	Warning: 40,000 cells/l Threshold: 50,000 cells/l
<i>Dinophysis</i> (DSP causative)	Warning : 80 cells/l Threshold:100 cells/l
<i>Prorocentrum lima</i> (DSP causative)	Warning: 80 cells/l Threshold: 100 cells/l

The maximum permitted levels of biotoxins in shellfish are:

**PSP:** 800 µg/kg

**ASP:** 20 mg/kg

**Lipophilic toxins** (tested by LC-MS):

**OA/DTXs/PTXs:** 160 ug/kg of Okadaic acid equivalents

**YTXs:** 3.75 milligram of yessotoxin equivalent/kilogram

**AZAs:** 160 micrograms of azaspiracids equivalents/kilogram

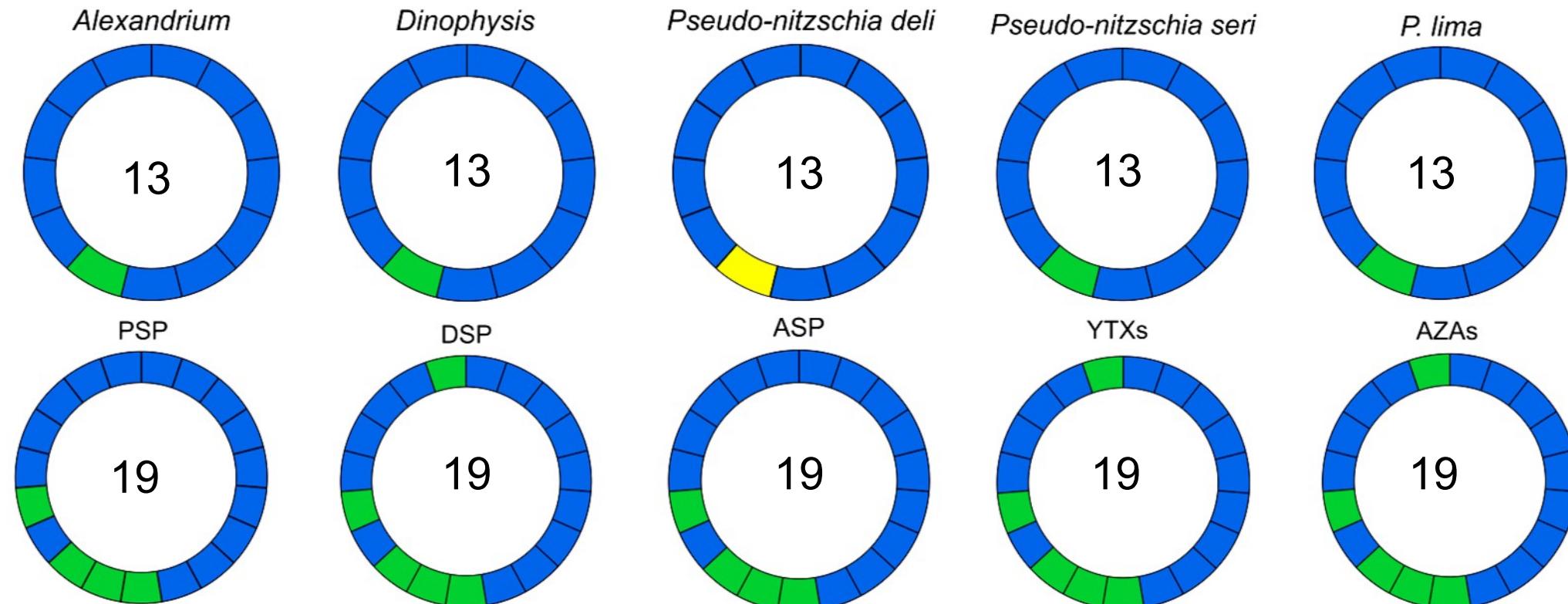


Toxin concentrations provided courtesy of the Centre for Environment, Fisheries and Aquaculture Science



Funding for these bulletins is kindly provided by Seafood Shetland

## Status of biotoxins &amp; harmful algae present in Shetland



Segments - no of individual sites, Colours: Green, red, amber and yellow as per key. Blue - not analysed. Coloured segment indicates approximate position of site in Shetland

Biotoxin & Species	Green	Yellow	Orange	Red	Blue
PSP	<RL	RL - 399 µg/kg	400 - 800 µg/kg	>800 µg/kg	Not analysed
OA/DTX/PTX	<RL	1 - 79 µg/kg	80 - 160 µg/kg	>160 µg/kg	Not analysed
ASP	<LOQ	LOQ - 9.9 mg/kg	10 - 20 mg/kg	>20 mg/kg	Not analysed
YTX	<RL	1 - 1.7 mg/kg	1.8 - 3.75 mg/kg	>3.75 mg/kg	Not analysed
AZA	<RL	1 - 79 µg/kg	80 - 160 µg/kg	>160 µg/kg	Not analysed
<i>Alexandrium</i>	<20 cells/l	n/a	20 cells/l	≥ 40 cells/l	Not sampled
<i>Dinophysis</i>	<20 cells/l	20 - 79 cells/l	80 - 99 cells/l	≥100 cells/l	Not sampled
<i>Pseudo nitzschia</i>	<20 cells/l	20 - 39,999 cells/l	40,000 - 49,999 cells/l	≥50,000 cells/l	Not sampled
<i>Prorocentrum lima</i>	<20 cells/l	20 - 79 cells/l	80 - 99 cells/l	≥100 cells/l	Not sampled

## NOTE:

This page is intended as a quick overview of the situation in the Shetland Islands. If the status for a particular species or biotoxin is amber or red please check the relevant pages in the bulletin for more details and specific locations.

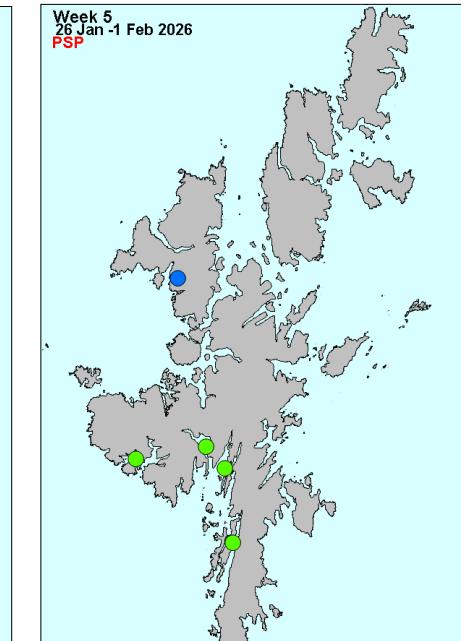
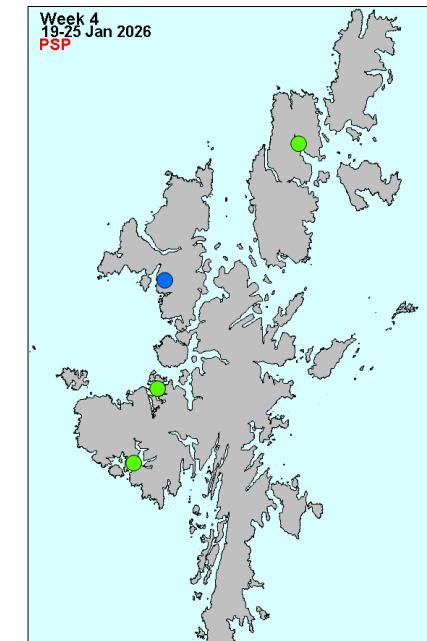
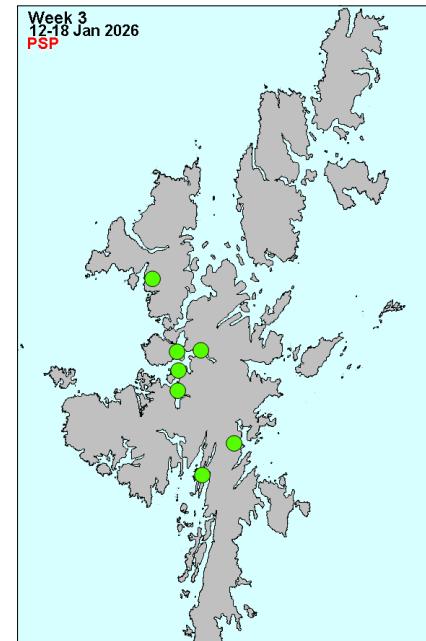
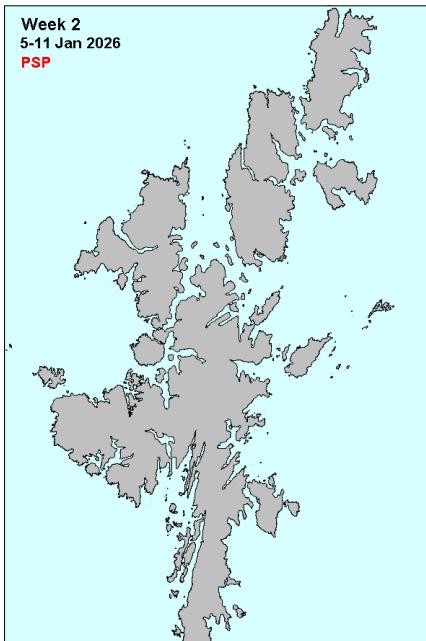
RL - reporting limit;  
LOQ - Limit of quantification

Paralytic shellfish poisoning toxins & causative phytoplankton

**PSP**

μg STX eq/kg

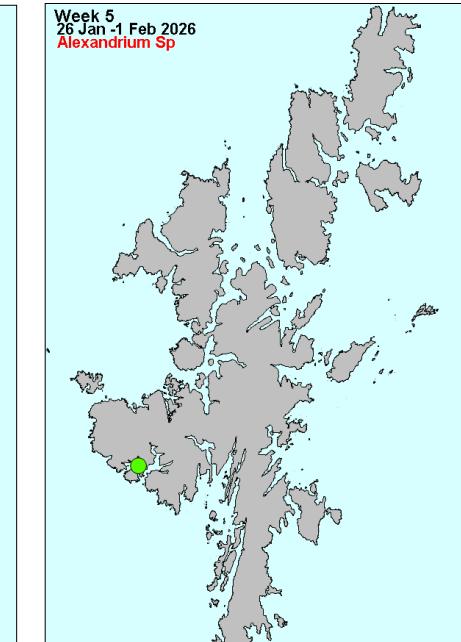
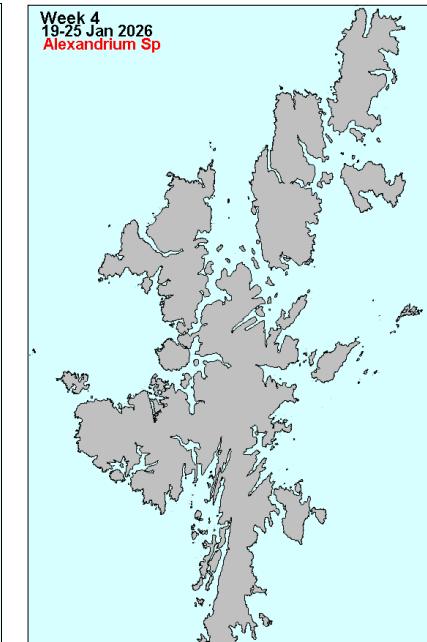
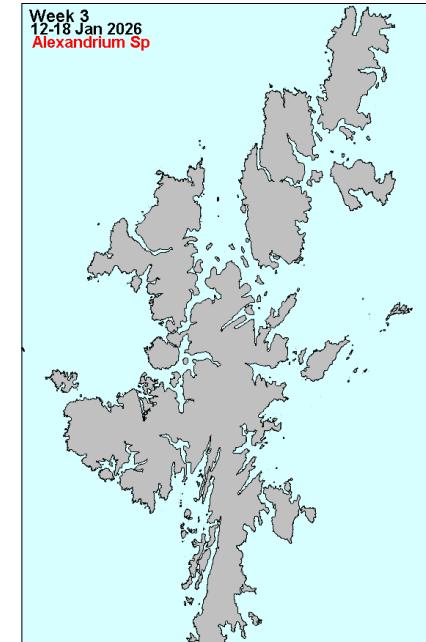
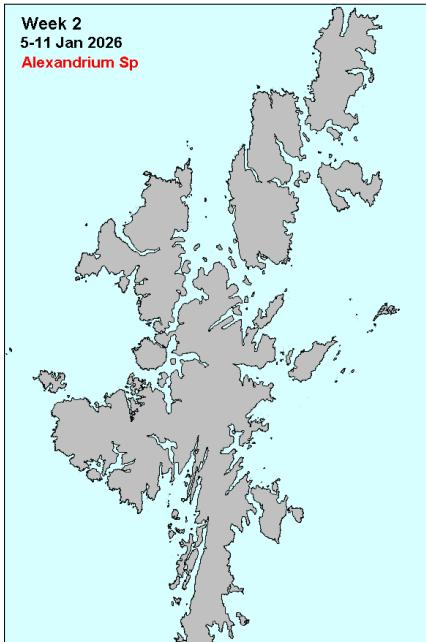
- Not Analyzed
- 0
- 0-400
- 400-800
- 800-1,600
- 1,600-2,000
- 2,000-3,000
- 3,000-4,000
- >=4,000



**Alexandrium Sp.**

cells/l

- 0
- 1-20
- 20-500
- 500-2,000
- 2,000-5,000
- 5,000-20,000
- >=20,000



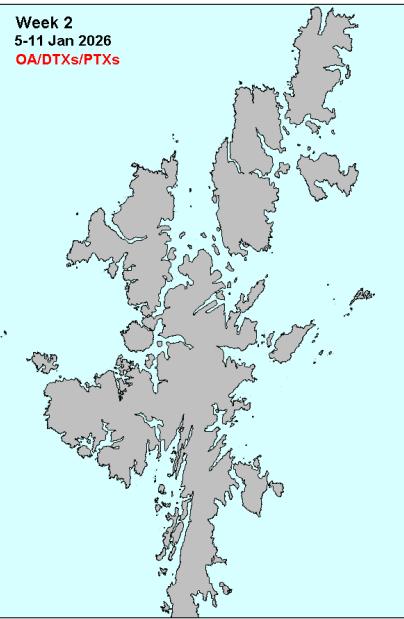
## Diarrhetic shellfish poisoning toxins & causative phytoplankton

### OA/DTXs/PTXs

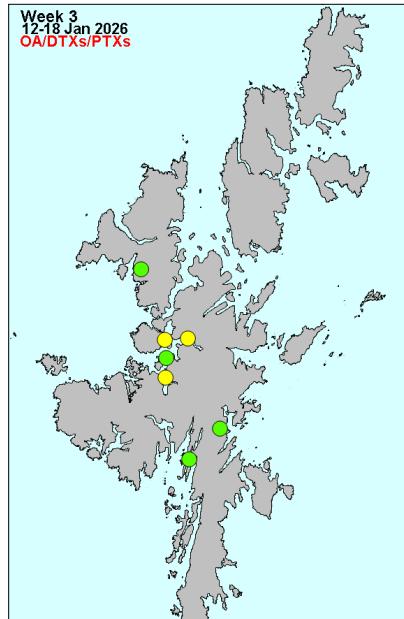
µg OA eq/kg

- Not Analyzed
- 0
- 0-80
- 80-160
- 160-500
- 500-1,000
- 1,000-2,000
- 2,000-5,000
- >=5,000

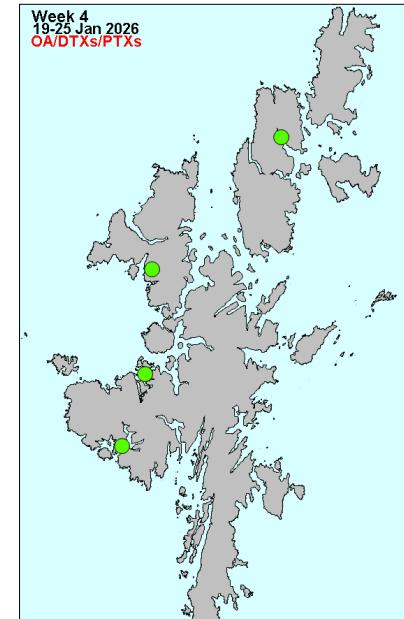
Week 2  
5-11 Jan 2026  
OA/DTXs/PTXs



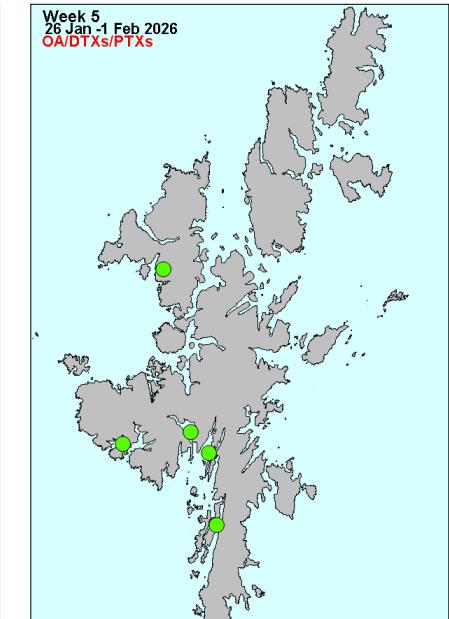
Week 3  
12-18 Jan 2026  
OA/DTXs/PTXs



Week 4  
19-25 Jan 2026  
OA/DTXs/PTXs



Week 5  
26 Jan-1 Feb 2026  
OA/DTXs/PTXs

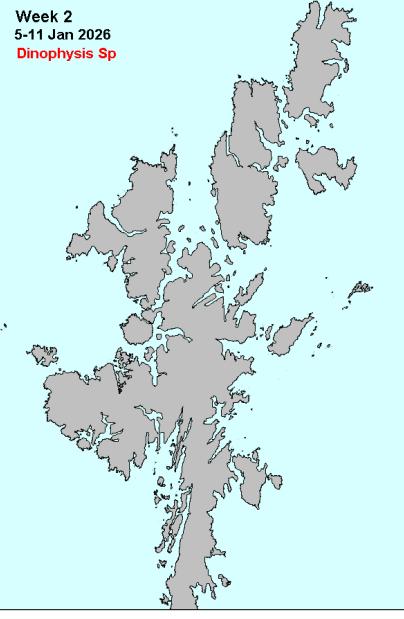


### Dinophysis Sp.

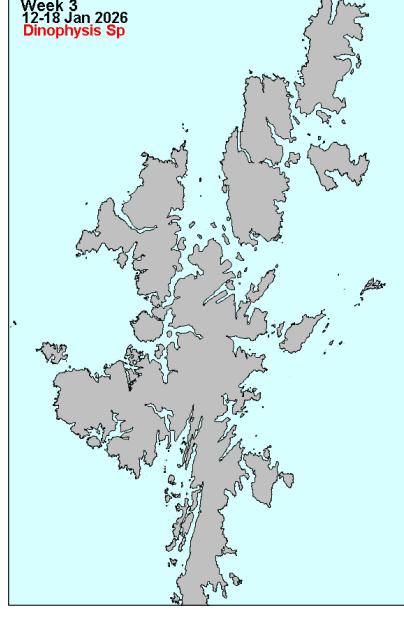
cells/l

- 0
- 0-80
- 80-100
- 100-400
- 400-1,000
- 1,000-2,000
- 2,000-5,000
- >=5,000

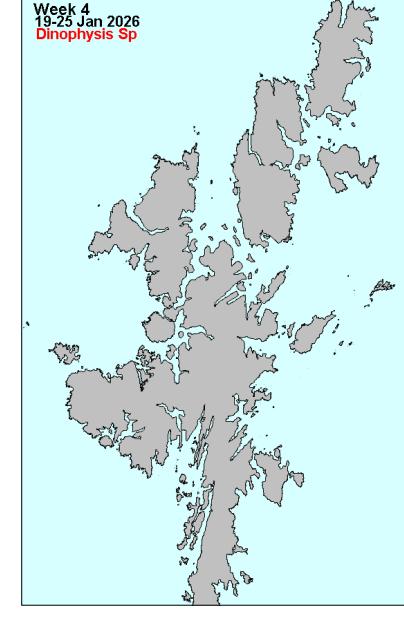
Week 2  
5-11 Jan 2026  
Dinophysis Sp



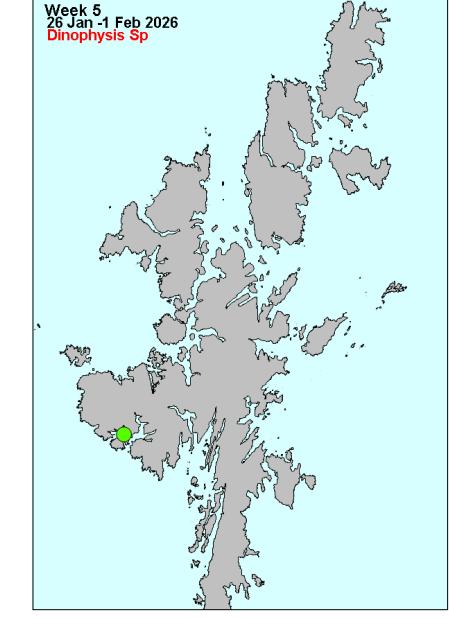
Week 3  
12-18 Jan 2026  
Dinophysis Sp



Week 4  
19-25 Jan 2026  
Dinophysis Sp



Week 5  
26 Jan-1 Feb 2026  
Dinophysis Sp



# Shetland Bulletin on the status of harmful & toxic algae Week 5, 26<sup>th</sup> Jan - 1<sup>st</sup> Feb 2026

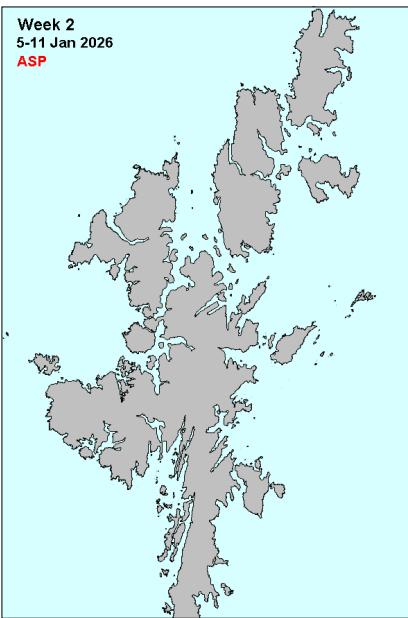
## Amnesic Shellfish Poisoning & causative phytoplankton

### ASP

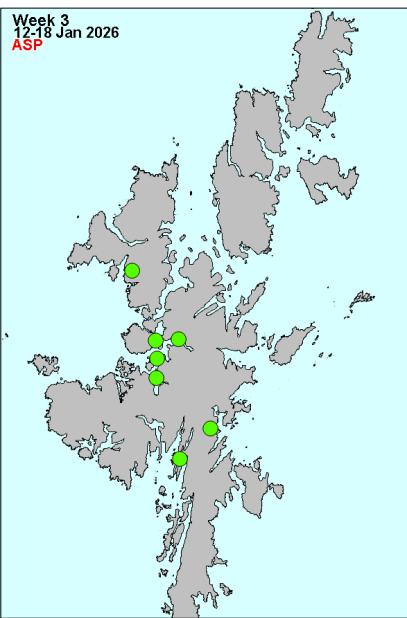
mg/kg

- Not Analyzed
- 0
- 0-10
- 10-20
- 20-50
- 50-100
- 100-500
- 500-1,000
- >=1,000

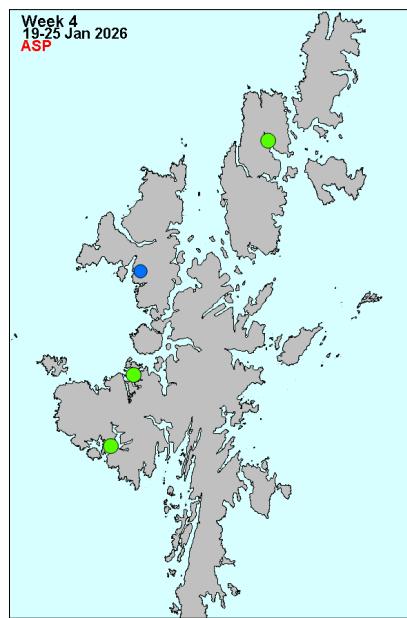
Week 2  
5-11 Jan 2026  
ASP



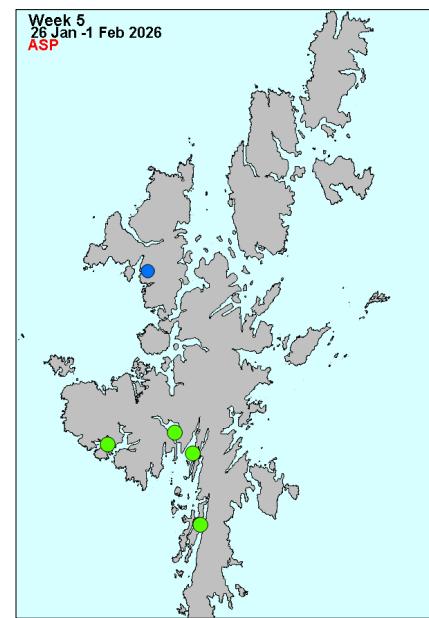
Week 3  
12-18 Jan 2026  
ASP



Week 4  
19-25 Jan 2026  
ASP



Week 5  
26 Jan-1 Feb 2026  
ASP

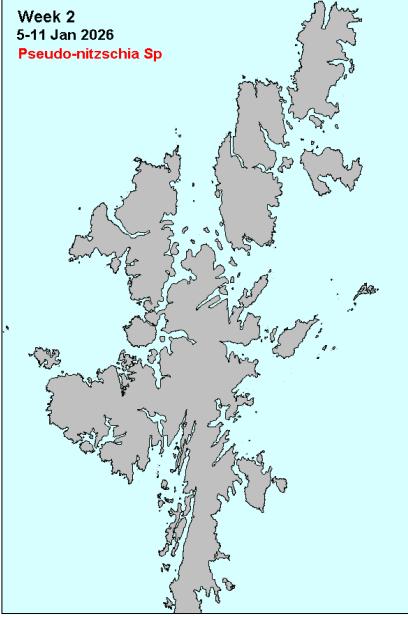


### Pseudo-nitzschia Sp.

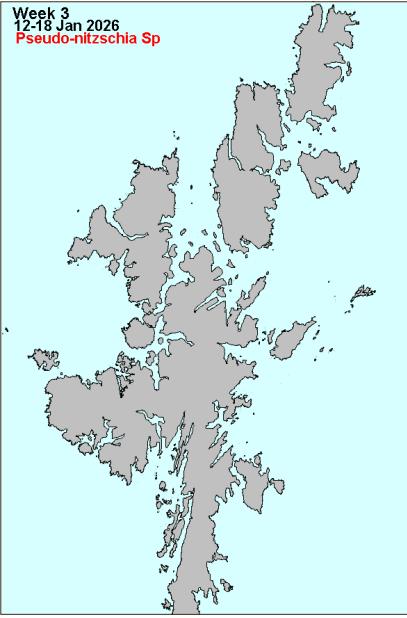
cells/l

- 0
- 0-39,999
- 40,000-49,999
- 50,000-100,000
- 100,000-200,000
- 200,000-500,000
- 500,000-1,000,000
- >=1,000,000

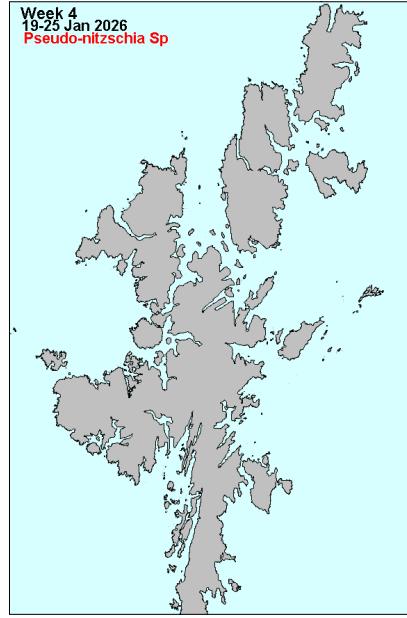
Week 2  
5-11 Jan 2026  
Pseudo-nitzschia Sp



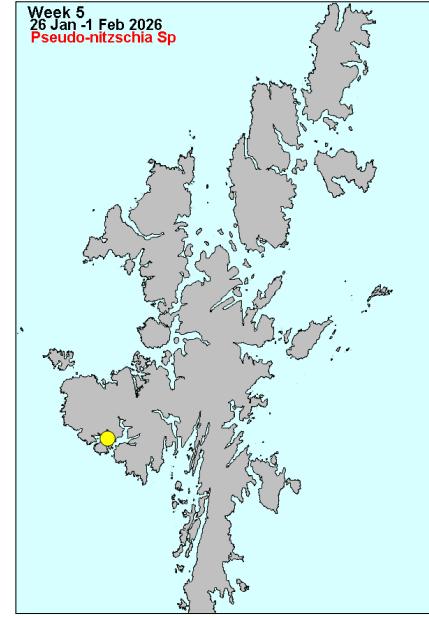
Week 3  
12-18 Jan 2026  
Pseudo-nitzschia Sp



Week 4  
19-25 Jan 2026  
Pseudo-nitzschia Sp



Week 5  
26 Jan-1 Feb 2026  
Pseudo-nitzschia Sp

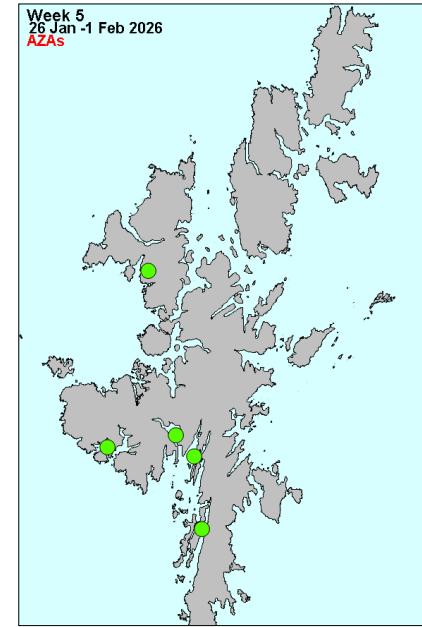
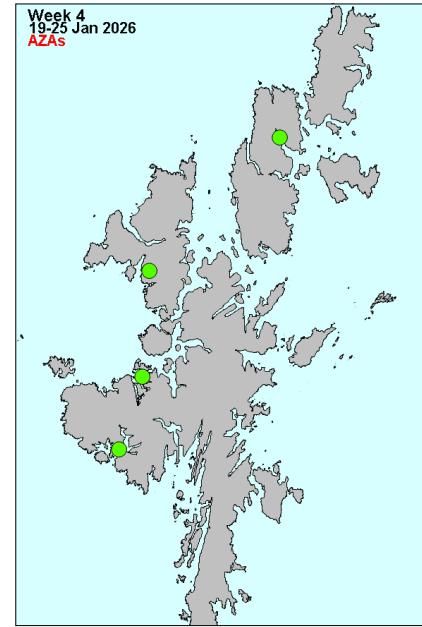
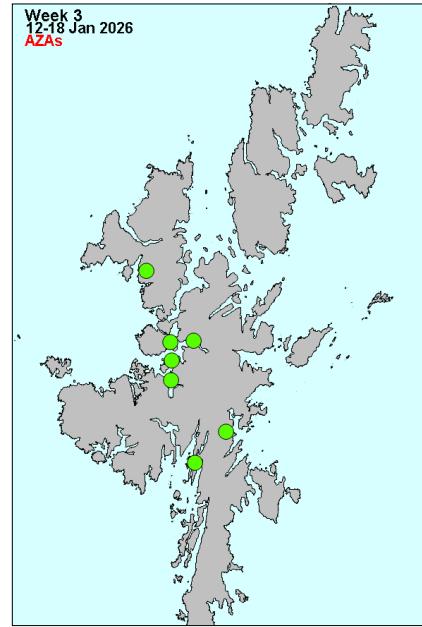
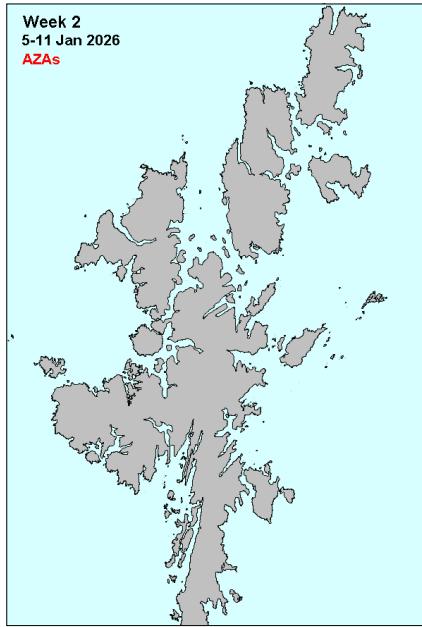


## Azaspiracid & Yessotoxin shellfish poisoning toxins

### AZAs

µg AZA1 eq/kg

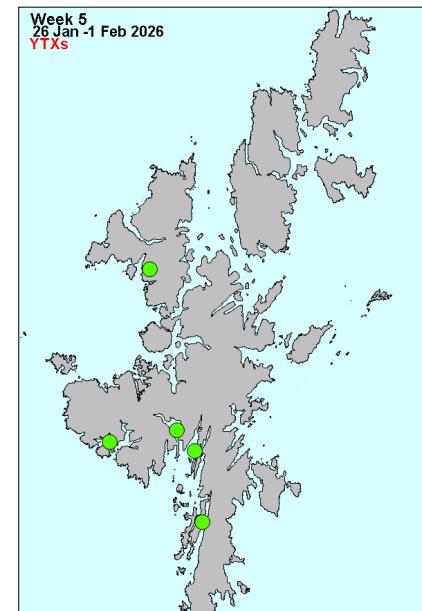
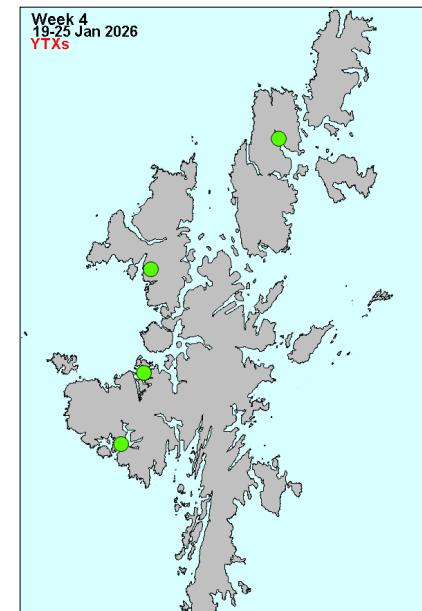
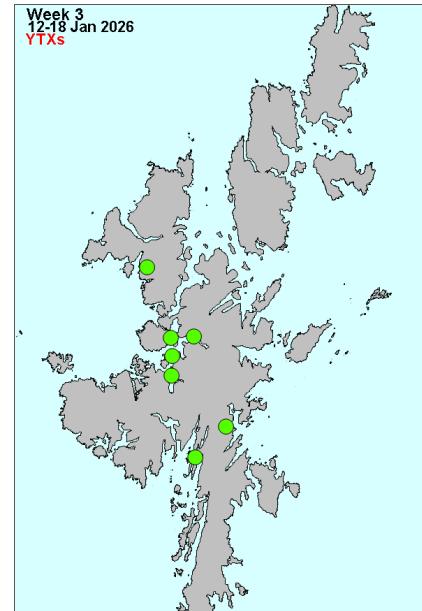
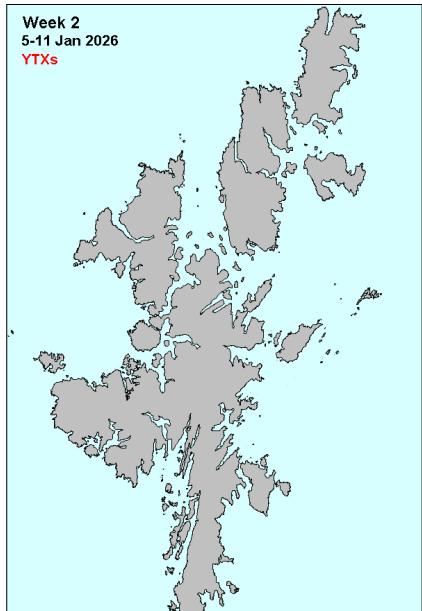
- Not Analyzed
- 0
- 0-100
- 100-160
- 160-500
- 500-1,000
- 1,000-2,000
- 2,000-5,000
- >=5,000



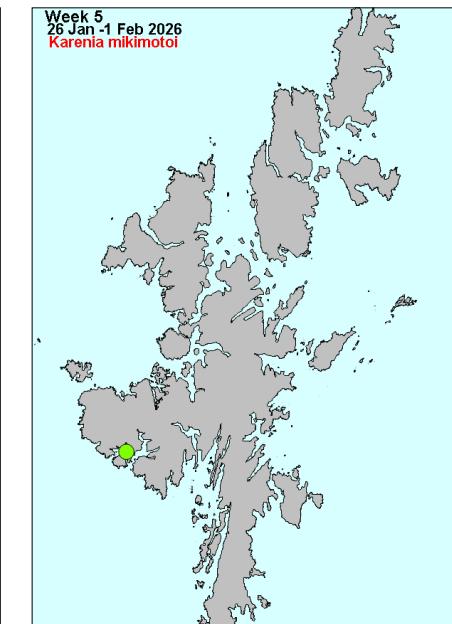
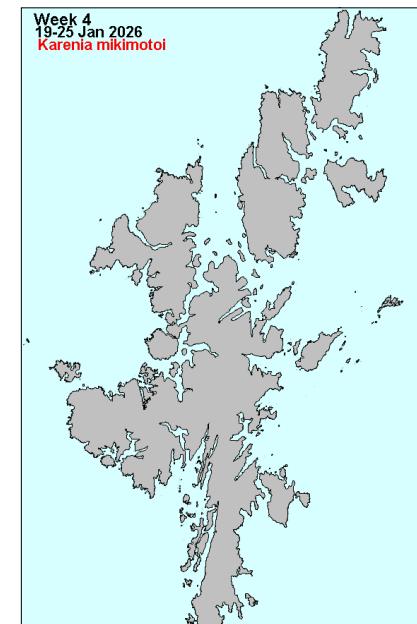
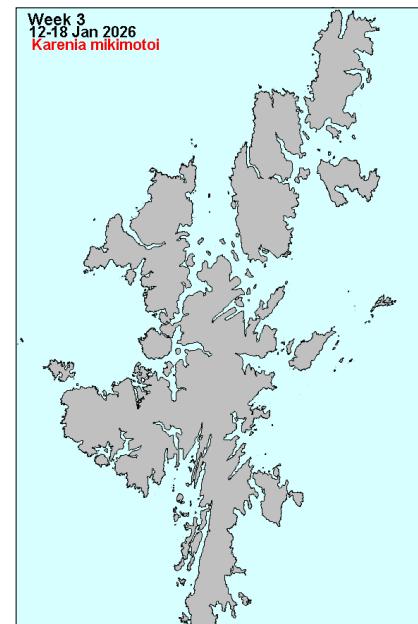
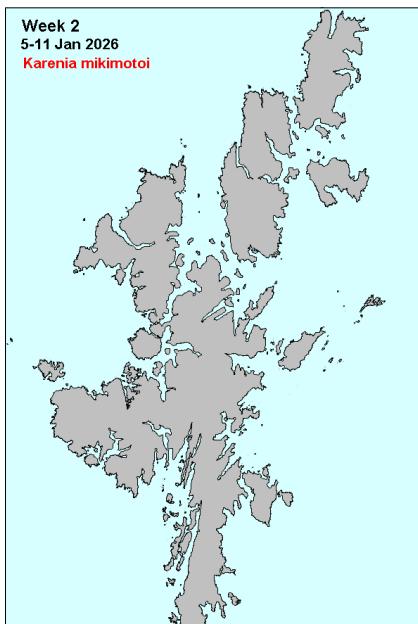
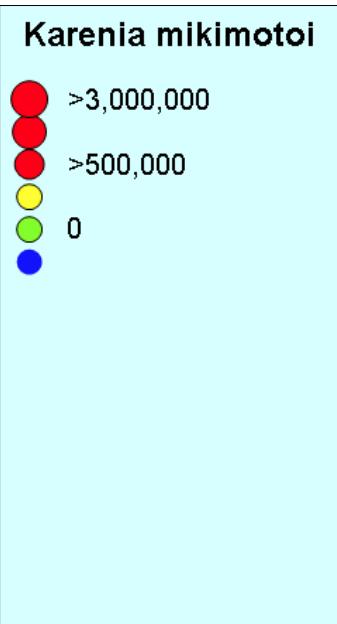
### YTXs

mg YTX eq/kg

- Not Analysed
- 0
- 0-1.4
- 1.5-3.74
- >=3.75



## *Karenia mikimotoi*



### Chain forming Phytoplankton

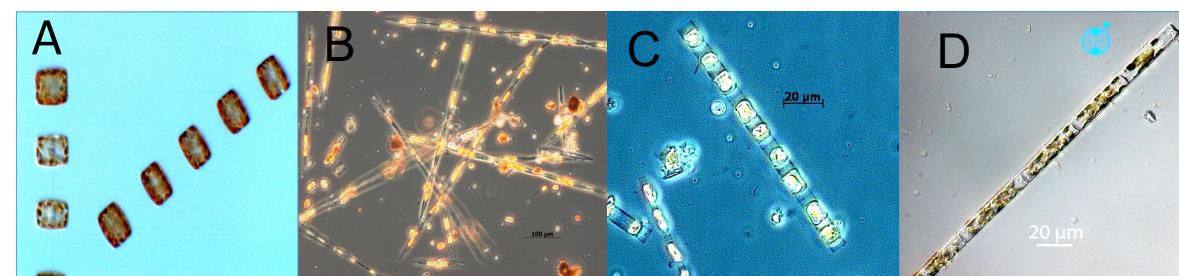
High densities of chain forming diatoms including, but not limited to the genus, *Chaetoceros*, *Skeletonema*, *Leptocylindrus*, *Rhizosolenia*, *Thalassiosira*, *Corethron* and *Pseudo-nitzschia*, the centric species *Coscinodiscus wailesii*, and species with long spines such as *Ceratium* (*Tripos*) can cause debilitating damage to fish gills.

### Status

One sample was analysed this week. Karenia was not detected.

The IFCB's at Cole Deep and Scalloway are mainly detecting small flagellates.

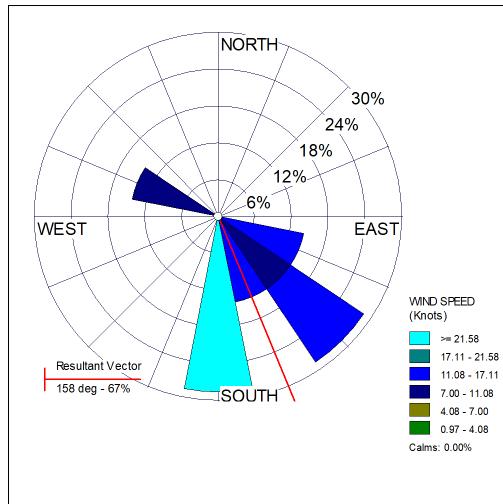
<https://www.habreports.org/ifcb-nafc.php>



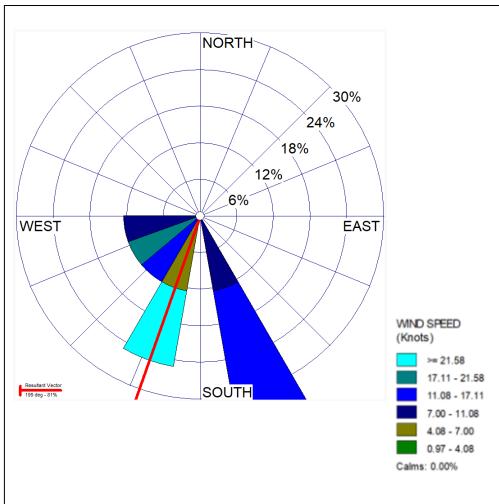
- A - *Thalassiosira* sp.
- B - *Pseudo-nitzschia* sp.
- C - *Skeletonema* sp.
- D - *Leptocylindrus* sp.
- E - *Chaetoceros* sp.
- F - *Ceratium/Tripos* sp.

## Mean wind direction observed in Shetland for current and three preceding weeks

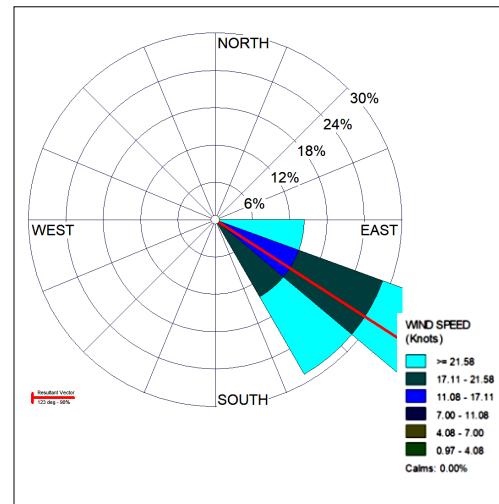
Week 2



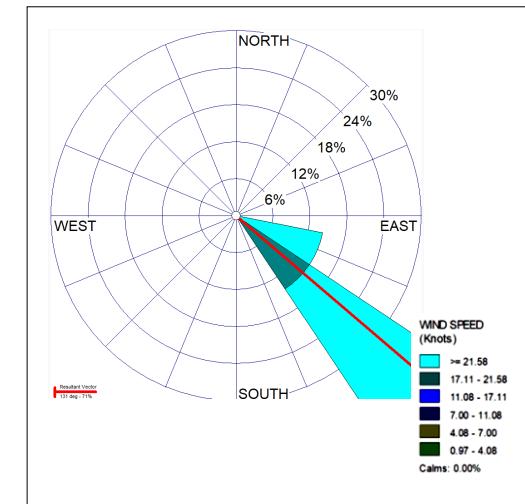
Week 3



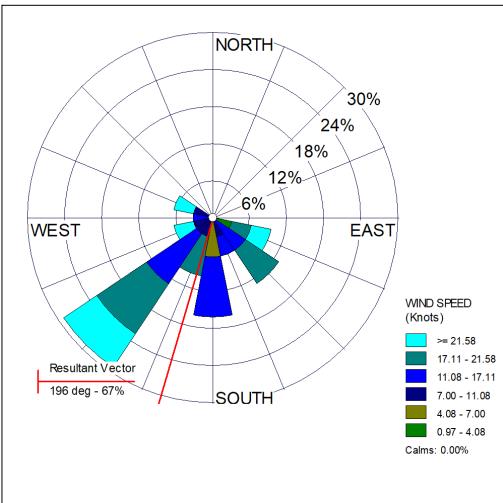
Week 4



Week 5



December



Mean wind direction and speed observed in Shetland over the past four weeks. Higher wind speeds are shown in lighter shades. The percentage of time the wind blew from any particular direction is shown by the length of the triangle. The resultant vector, represented by the red or blue line, shows the average wind direction for the week. It is based on wind direction only and includes periods of calm which are not indicated on the diagram. The data used is taken from the weather station at Sumburgh.

### Predictions:

The risk of wind blown *Dinophysis* blooms in Shetland is **low** this week.

### Why do we think this?

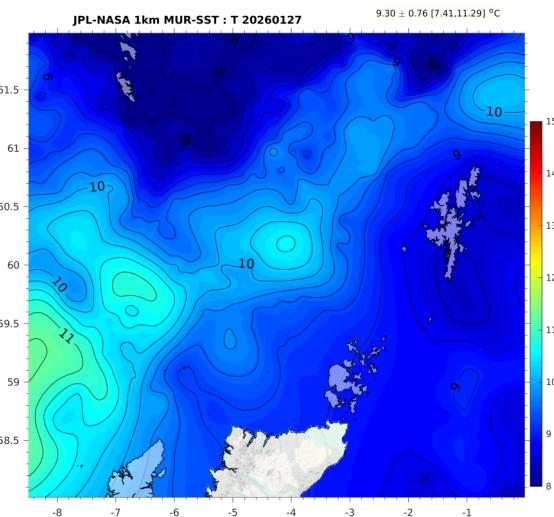
During the summer *Dinophysis* can bloom out at sea and at shelf fronts found off the West of Shetland. Westerly winds can then blow these blooms into shore. Westerly winds may also retain *Dinophysis* cells in Westerly facing voes and inlets where their numbers may increase. Wind for the past week has been predominantly from the south east. It is unlikely that there will be an advected bloom of *Dinophysis* in the coming week.

### Status:

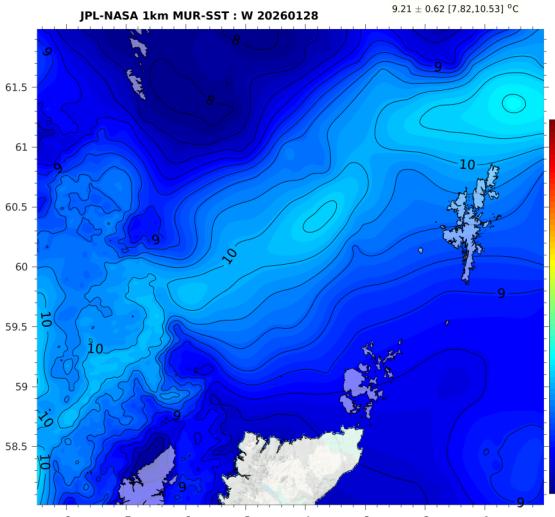
Over the past week the average wind direction has been from the south east.

Sea Surface temperature (°C) in preceding 6 days in the Shetland Islands

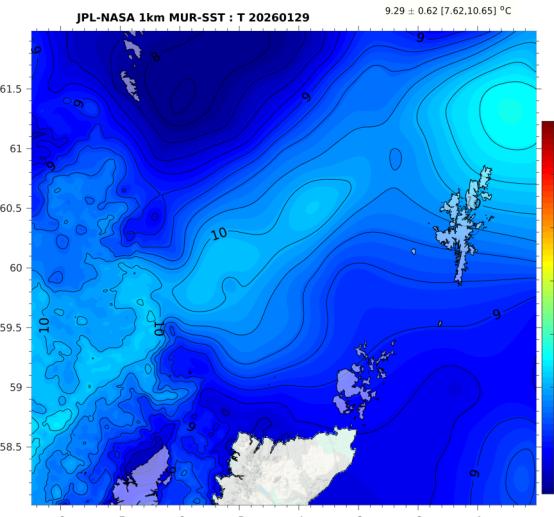
27 Jan 2026



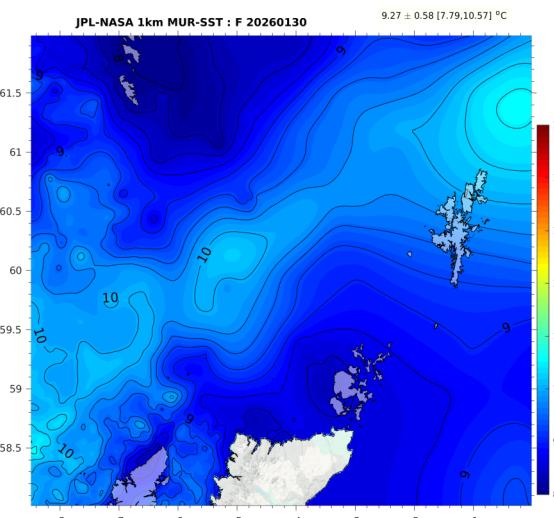
28 Jan 2026



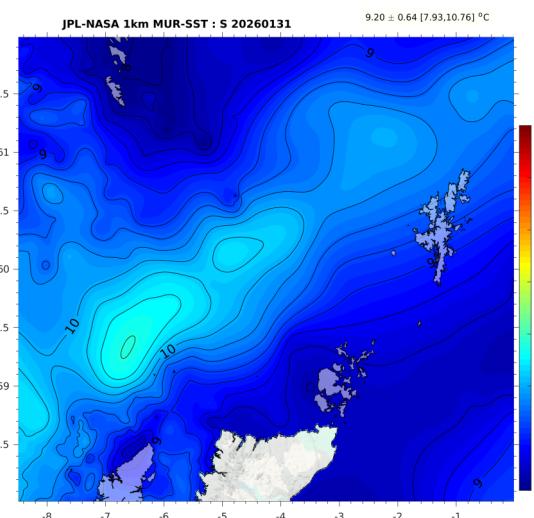
29 Jan 2026



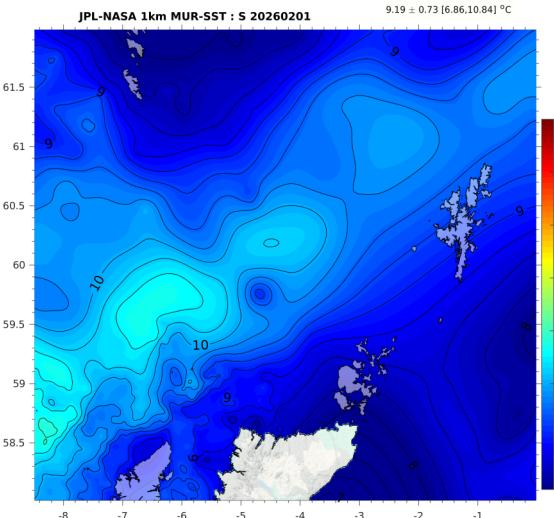
30 Jan 2026



31 Jan 2026



1 Feb 2026



Wind and rain forecast for next three days in Shetland

